

UNIVERSITY CEU SAN PABLO
SCHOOL OF PHARMACY
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

PROBLEMS OF PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

2018-2019

LESSON 2

- 3.- Calculate the variations of U, H, S, A and G when 2 moles of hydrogen sulfide are:
- a) heated from 373 K to 473 K, at 1 atm
 - b) compressed from 1 atm to 10 atm at 298 K

Data: $\bar{C}_p = (36.86 + 0.0079 T) \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

$$R = 0.0821 \cdot \text{atm} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} = 1.987 \text{ cal} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} = 8.314 \text{ J} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$$

$$\bar{S} (1 \text{ atm}, 373 \text{ K}) = 3.51 \text{ J} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$$

Consider ideal behaviour for hydrogen sulfide

- 4.- Indicate which of the following pairs of substances presents higher chemical potential, or if it is the same:
- a) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(l)}$ at 25 ° C and 1 atm against $\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(g)}$ at 25 ° C and 1 atm
 - b) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(s)}$ at 0 ° C and 1 atm against $\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(g)}$ at 0 ° C and 1 atm
 - c) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(s)}$ at -5 ° C and 1 atm against $\text{H}_2\text{O}_{(l, \text{supercooled})}$ at -5 ° C and 1 atm